Q1 2012 Economic Outlook

Presented by:
Craig Dismuke
Chief Economic Strategist
cdismuke@viningsparks.com



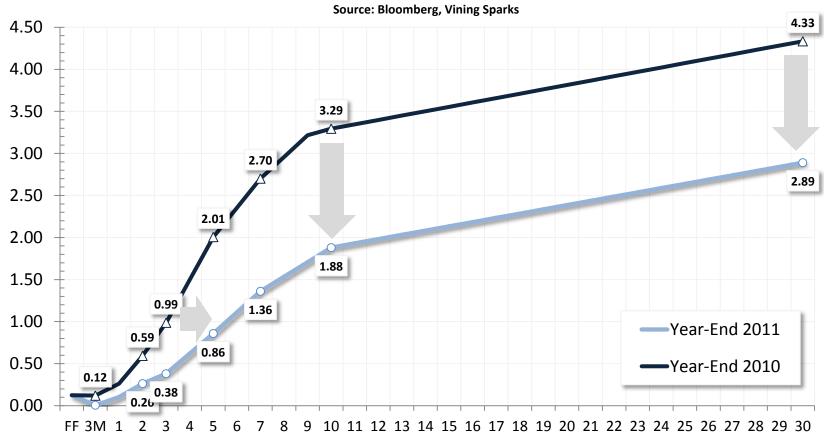
- A. 2011 European Drama, Weak U.S. Growth, and Central Bank Intervention
- B. 2012 More of the Same
 - 1. Private Investment
 - 2. Personal Consumption
 - 3. Europe
- C. Monetary Policy
- D. Economic Forecasts



BOND YIELDS DROPPED ACROSS THE CURVE IN 2011

2011 2012 Monetary Policy Forecasts







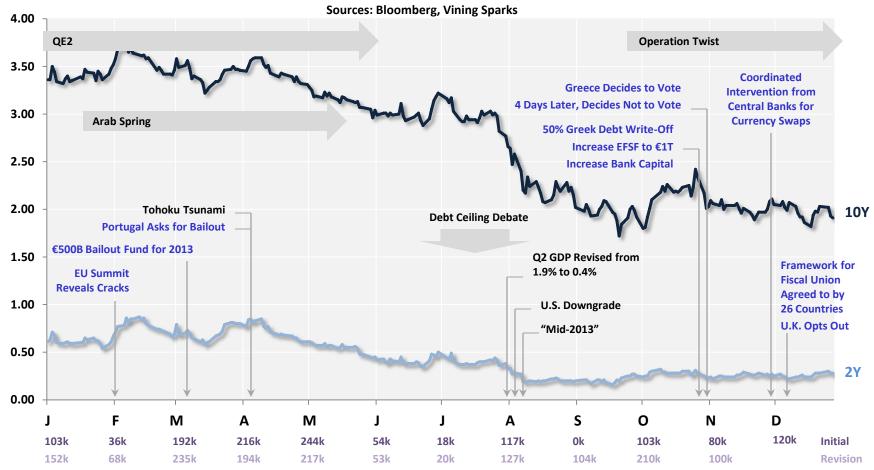
MATURITY IN YEARS

2012 Monetary Policy

2011

Forecasts

Timeline of Events and Treasury Yields - 2011





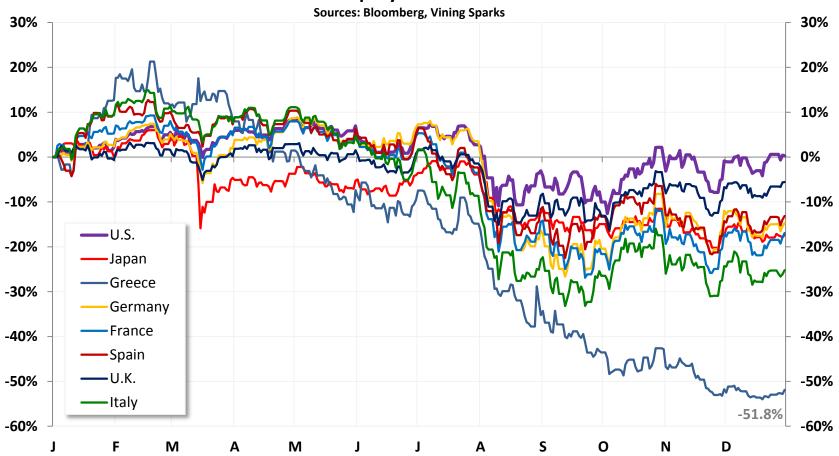
Non-Farm Payrolls based on Initial Release Date

STOCK PRICES FELL GLOBALLY, FLAT IN U.S.

2012 Monetary Policy Forecasts

2011



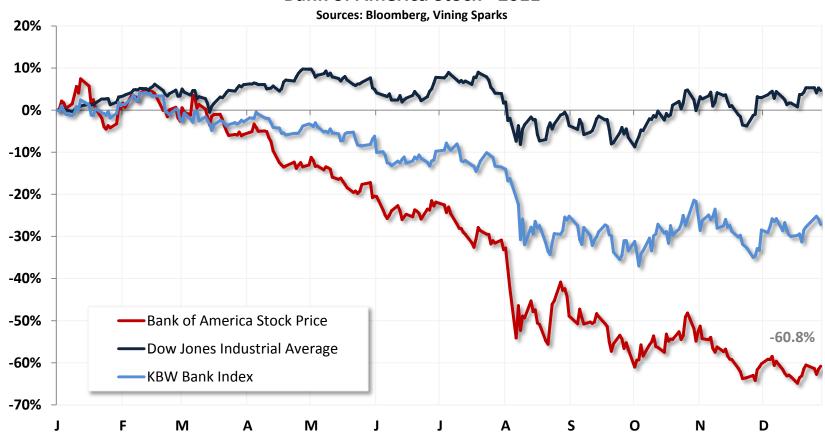




BANKING SECTOR STRUGGLED THROUGH 2011

2011 2012 Monetary Policy Forecasts

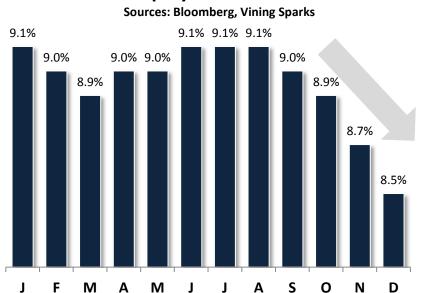
Bank of America Stock - 2011



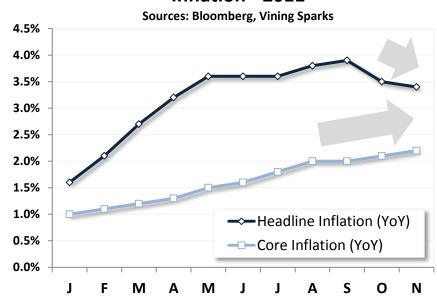


2011 2012 Monetary Policy Forecasts





Inflation - 2011

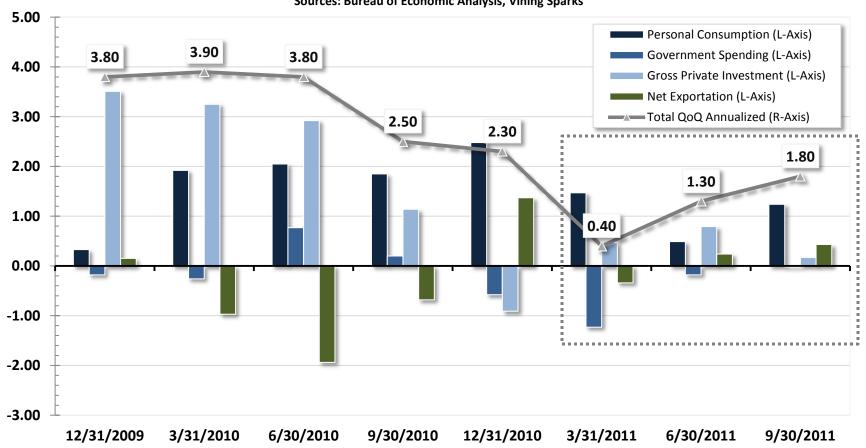




2011 2012 Monetary Policy Forecasts

GDP QoQ Change Attribution

Sources: Bureau of Economic Analysis, Vining Sparks



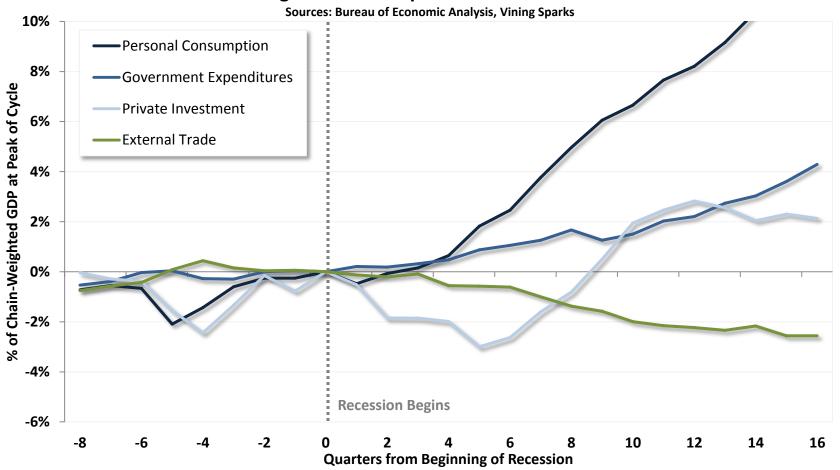


CHANGE IN GDP DURING BOTTOM OF ECONOMIC CYCLE

2012 Monetary Policy Forecasts

2011





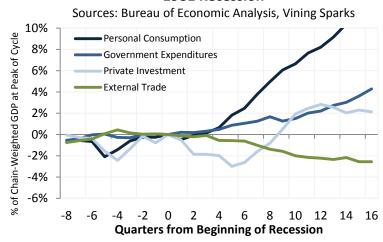


CHANGE IN GDP DURING BOTTOM OF ECONOMIC CYCLE

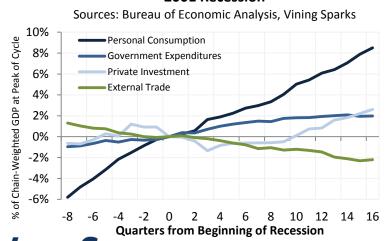
2011 2012

Monetary Policy Forecasts

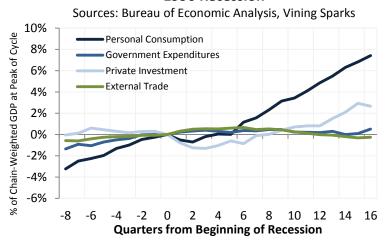
1981 Recession



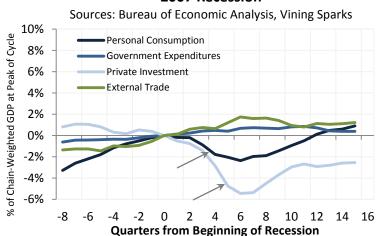
2001 Recession



1990 Recession



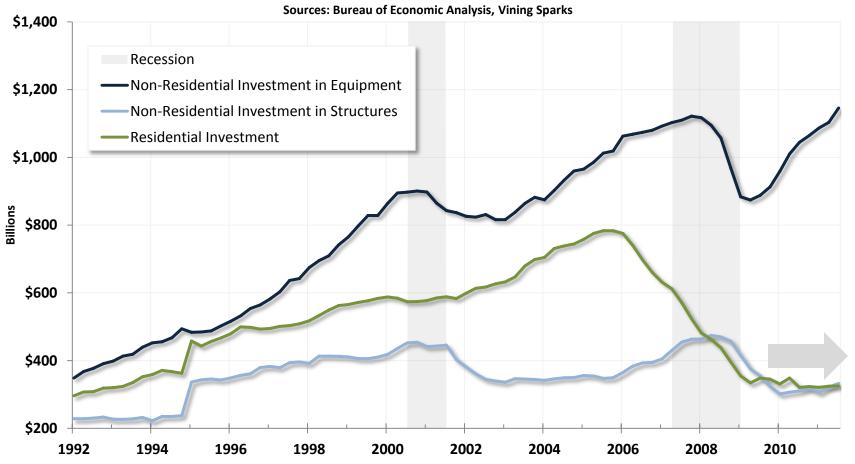
2007 Recession



INVESTMENT STILL WEIGHED DOWN BY REAL ESTATE

2011 2012 Monetary Policy Forecasts

Gross Private Fixed Investment (Chained SAAR)



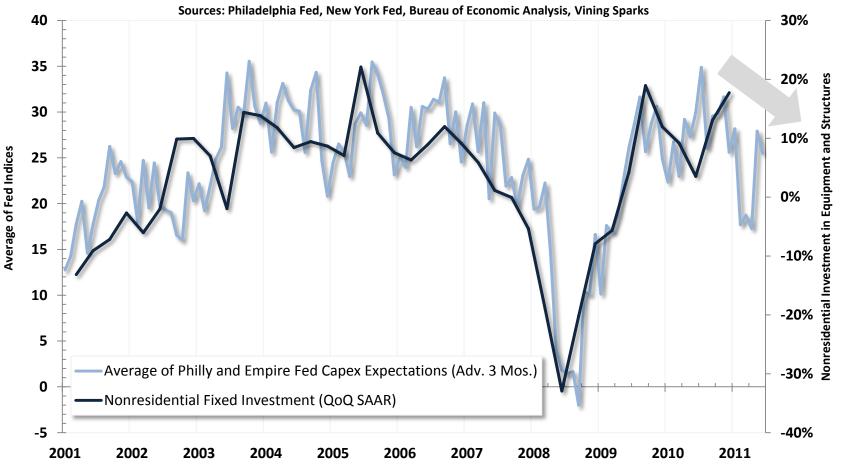


CAPEX SHOULD SLOW AS TAX BENEFIT EXPIRES

2012 Monetary Policy Forecasts

2011



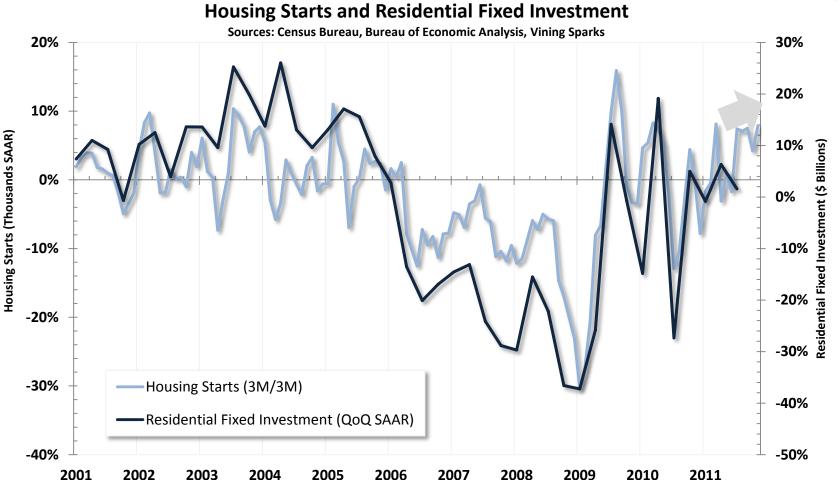




HOUSING STARTS BACK UP TO FLAT

2012 Monetary Policy Forecasts

2011



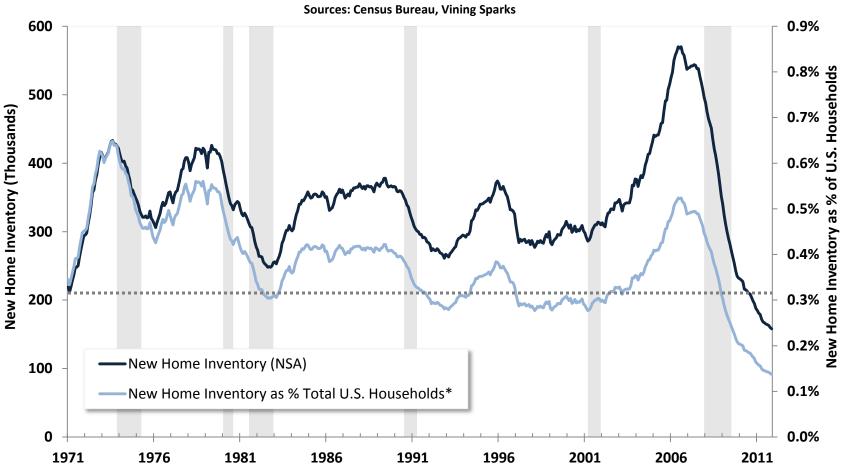


INVENTORIES CONTINUE TO DROP

2012 Monetary Policy Forecasts

2011

New Home Inventory

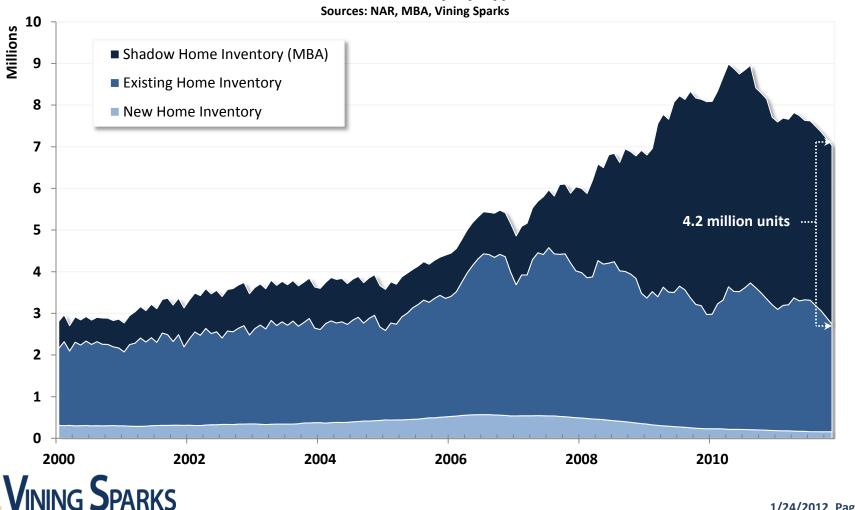




BACKLOG OF DISTRESSED PROPERTIES MUST CLEAR

2011 2012 **Monetary Policy Forecasts**

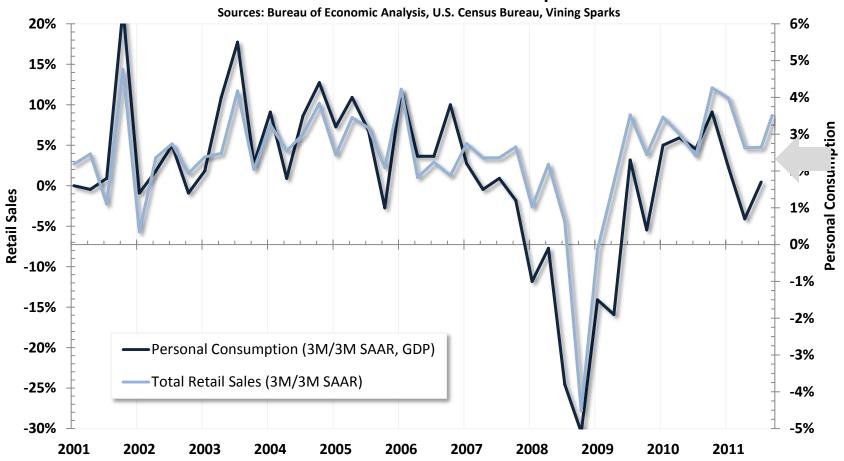
Home Inventory by Type



PERSONAL CONSUMPTION REMAINS REASONABLE

2011 2012 Monetary Policy Forecasts





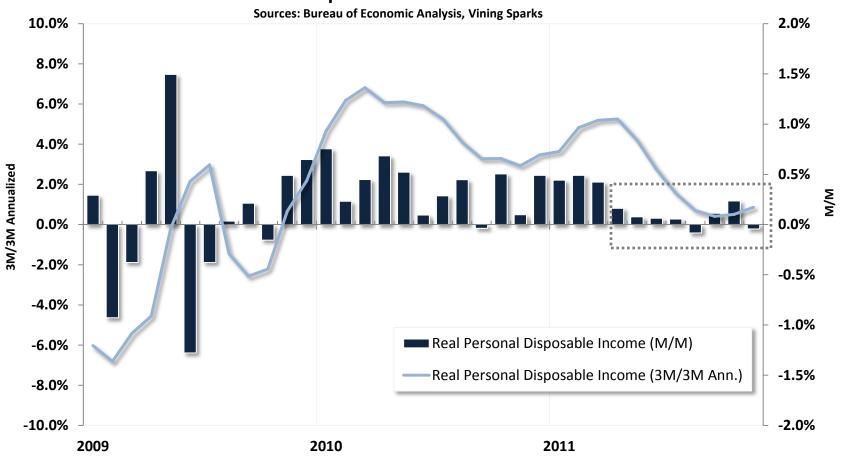


INCOMES GROWING AT A VERY SLOW RATE

2012 Monetary Policy Forecasts

2011





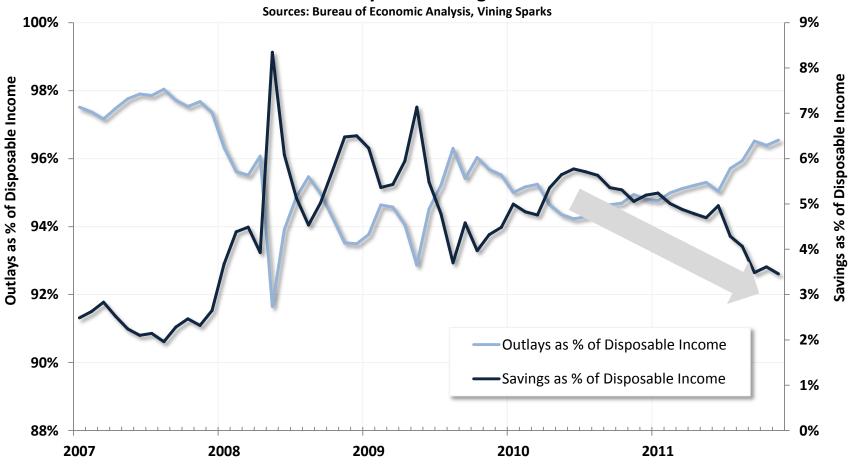


CONSUMERS CUTTING INTO SAVINGS TO FUEL SPENDING

2011 2012

Monetary Policy Forecasts





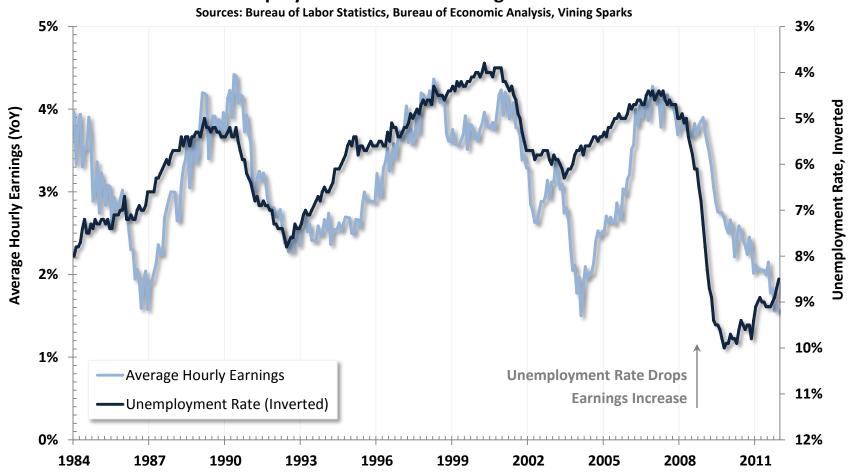


EARNIGS BROADLY CORRELATED WITH LABOR MARKET

2012 Monetary Policy Forecasts

2011





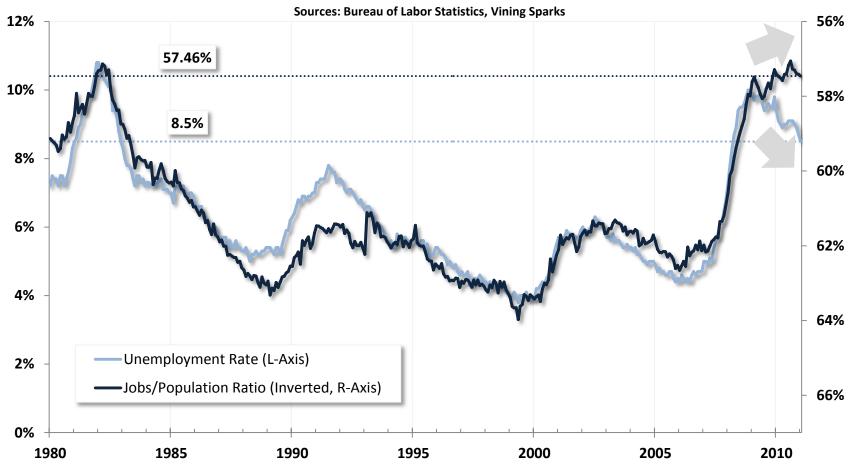


SOFT LABOR MARKET STILL AFFECTING CONSUMPTION

2012 Monetary Policy Forecasts

2011





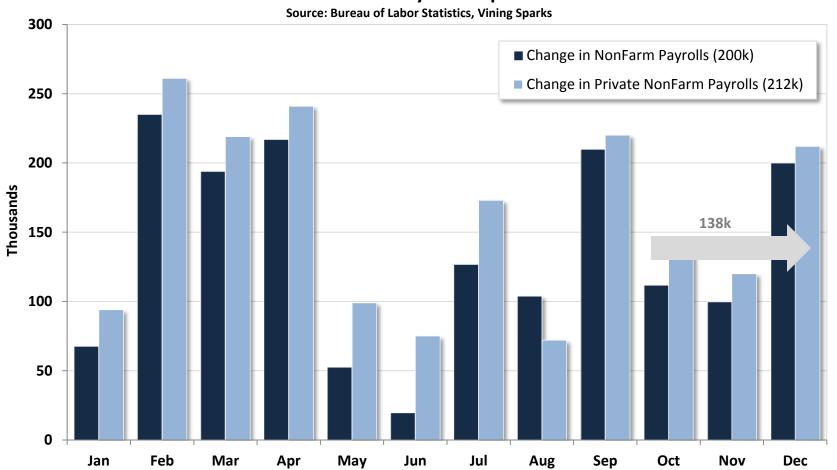


PAYROLLS GROWING, STILL HAVE A LONG WAY TO GO

2012 Monetary Policy Forecasts

2011

Nonfarm Payrolls Report

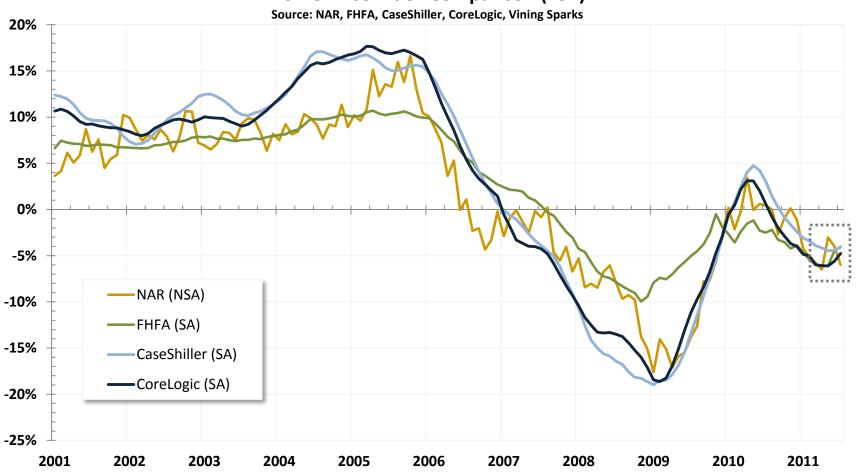




FALLING HOME PRICES HURT CONSUMER SENTIMENT

2011 2012 Monetary Policy Forecasts



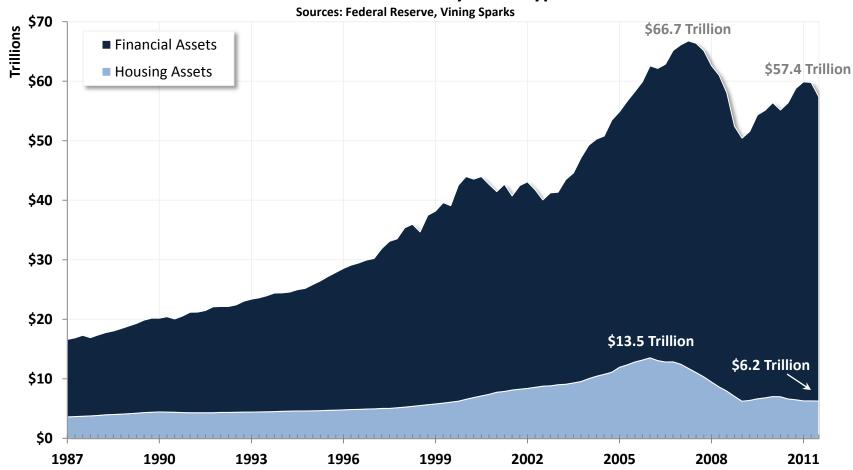




FALLING HOME PRICES AFFECTS

2011 2012 Monetary Policy Forecasts





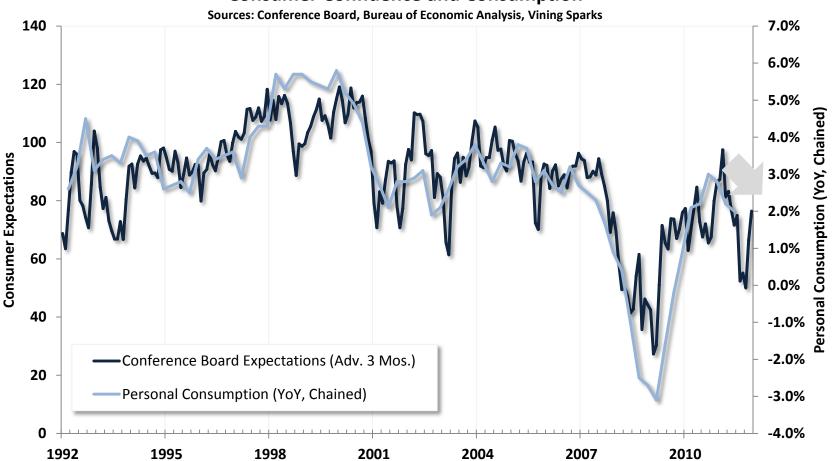


HEADWINDS WEIGHING ON CONSUMER EXPECTATIONS

2012 Monetary Policy Forecasts

2011





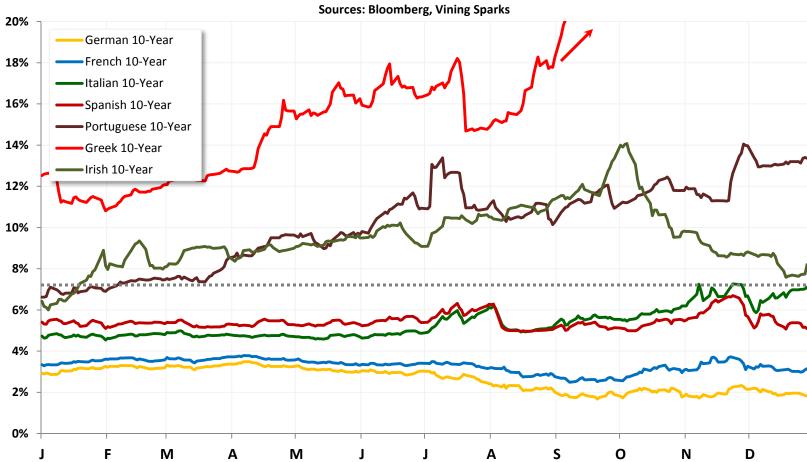


EUROPEAN DEBT CRISIS CONTINUES TO DRIVE SENTIMENT

2011 2012

Monetary Policy Forecasts







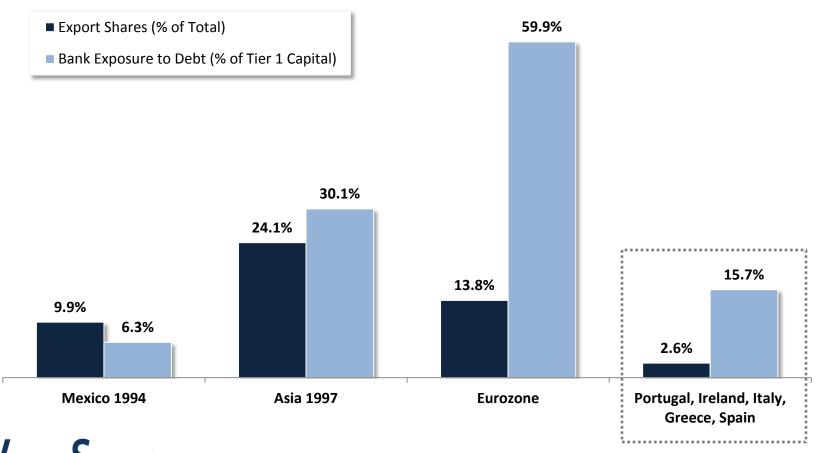
U.S. EXPOSURE TO AFFECTED COUNTRIES IS MANAGEABLE

2011 2012

Monetary Policy Forecasts

U.S. Exposure to Eurozone

Sources: Capital Economics, Vining Sparks



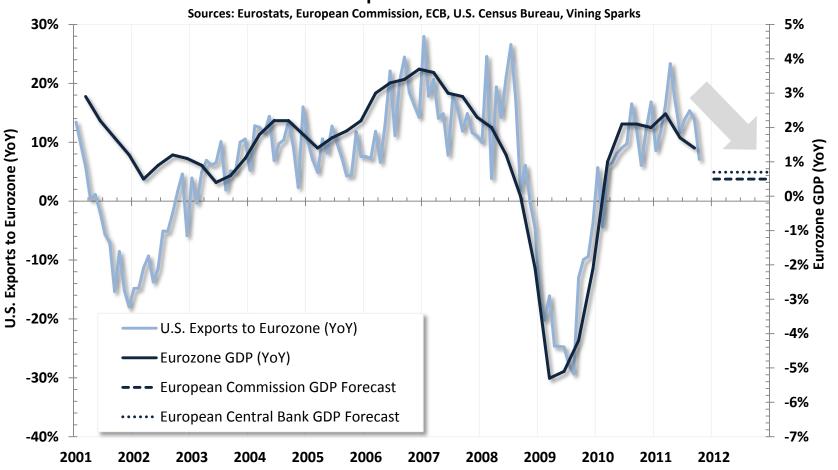


EXPORTS TO EU WILL DECLINE ON WEAKENING ECONOMY

2011 2012

Monetary Policy Forecasts







Forecasts

SUMMARY

A. Private Investment Will Continue to Be Weaker than Needed

- 1. Capital expenditures will slow
- 2. Excess housing inventory will continue to weigh on residential investment

B. Consumption Will Slow in the First Half of the Year

- 1. Earnings growth remains weak with so much slack in the labor market
- 2. Re-leveraging will not contribute to consumption growth

C. Europe Will Continue to Seek Half-Step Solutions

- 1. Uncertainty will dominate investor sentiment
- 2. Will continue to support U.S. yields

D. U.S. Elections Will Have a Big Impact on Direction

- 1. Will Washington have a pro-business bias?
- 2. Will fiscal austerity gain political traction?



Forecasts

MONETARY POLICY

- A. Operation Twist
- B. New Communication Initiative
 - A. Add Fed Funds target rate to SEP
 - B. Project date of first rate increase
 - C. Provide accompanying narrative
 - D. Effects
 - A. Longer-term projections
 - B. Affects more parts of the yield curve
- C. Housing
- D. Possibility of QE3



MONETARY POLICY

Monetary Policy Forecasts

Economic Projections of Federal Reserve Board Members and Federal Reserve Bank Presidents, November 2011

Advance release of table 1 of the Summary of Economic Projections to be released with the FOMC minutes

Percent

Variable	Central tendency ¹					Range ²				
	2011	2012	2013	2014	Longer run	2011	2012	2013	2014	Longer run
Change in real GDP June projection						ı			2.7 to 4.5 n.a.	2.2 to 3.0 2.4 to 3.0
Unemployment rate June projection									6.5 to 8.0 n.a.	5.0 to 6.0 5.0 to 6.0
PCE inflation June projection					1.7 to 2.0 1.7 to 2.0	I			1.5 to 2.4 n.a.	1.5 to 2.0 1.5 to 2.0
Core PCE inflation ³ June projection			1.4 to 1.9 1.4 to 2.0	1.5 to 2.0 n.a.			1.3 to 2.1 1.2 to 2.5		1.4 to 2.2 n.a.	

NOTE: Projections of change in real gross domestic product (GDP) and projections for both measures of inflation are from the fourth quarter of the previous year to the fourth quarter of the year indicated. PCE inflation and core PCE inflation are the percentage rates of change in, respectively, the price index for personal consumption expenditures (PCE) and the price index for PCE excluding food and energy. Projections for the unemployment rate are for the average civilian unemployment rate in the fourth quarter of the year indicated. Each participant's projections are based on his or her assessment of appropriate monetary policy. Longer-run projections represent each participant's assessment of the rate to which each variable would be expected to converge under appropriate monetary policy and in the absence of further shocks to the economy. The June projections were made in conjunction with the meeting of the Federal Open Market Committee on June 21-22, 2011.

- The central tendency excludes the three highest and three lowest projections for each variable in each year.
- The range for a variable in a given year includes all participants' projections, from lowest to highest, for that variable in that year.
- Longer-run projections for core PCE inflation are not collected.



Forecasts

MONETARY POLICY - HOUSING

A. Letter to Congress from Chairman Bernanke

"Continue weakness in the housing market poses a significant barrier to a more vigorous economic recovery."

- 1. May require greater losses by GSEs
- Streamline refinance process
- 3. Broad menu of modification options
- 4. Ease conversion of foreclosed properties to rentals
- 5. Ease borrowing requirements
- 6. Lower Fannie and Freddie loan fees
- 7. Relieve lenders of obligation to buy back bad loans



FED POLICIES HAVE DROPPED MORTGAGE RATES

2012 Monetary Policy

2011

Forecasts

Fed Policies - Mortgage Rates and Spreads

Sources: Bloomberg, Vining Sparks





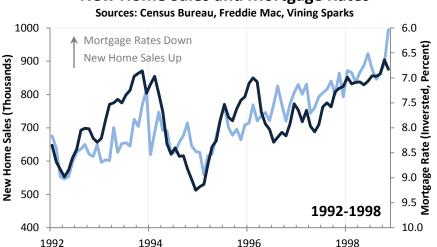
THE ISSUE IS NOT THE COST OF CREDIT

2011 2012

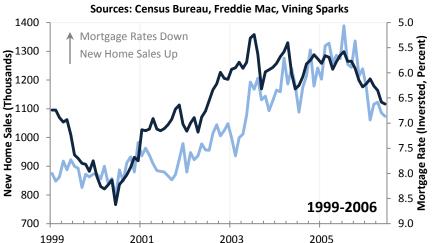
Monetary Policy

Forecasts





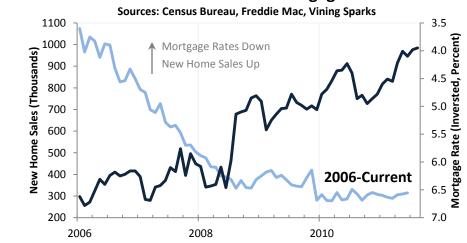
New Home Sales and Mortgage Rates



New Home Sales

30YR Mort. Rate (Adv. 1M)

New Home Sales and Mortgage Rates





FED POLICIES HAVE NOT RESULTED IN HOME PURCHASES

2011 2012

Forecasts

Monetary Policy

Mortgage Applications - 4-Week Average

Sources: Mortgage Banker's Association, Vining Sparks





ECONOMIC PROJECTIONS

	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Average	Average
	2011	2012	2012	2012	2012	2013
GDP						
Bloomberg Survey of Economists ¹	2.8%	1.9%	2.0%	2.3%	2.1%	2.5%
FOMC Central Tendency ²					2.5% to 2.9%	3.0% to 3.5%
Vining Sparks	2.5%	2.5%	1.8%	2.0%	2.1%	2.6%
CPI YoY%						
Bloomberg Survey of Economists ¹	3.4%	2.5%	2.1%	1.8%	2.1%	2.2%
Vining Sparks	3.4%	2.9%	2.6%	2.0%	2.4%	3.0%
PCE YoY%						
FOMC Central Tendency ²					1.4% to 2.0%	1.5% to 2.0%
Unemployment Rate						
Bloomberg Survey of Economists ¹	8.8%	8.8%	8.8%	8.7%	8.7%	8.3%
FOMC Central Tendency ²					8.5% to 8.7%	7.8% to 8.2%
Vining Sparks	8.5%	8.7%	8.8%	8.7%	8.7%	8.0%



2011 2012 Monetary Policy Forecasts

ECONOMIC PROJECTIONS

	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1
	2012	2012	2012	2012	2013
Federal Funds Target Rate					
Bloomberg Survey of Economists ¹	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%
FOMC Central Tendency ²	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Vining Sparks	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%
2-Year Treasury Rate					
Bloomberg Survey of Economists ¹	0.27%	0.30%	0.35%	0.45%	0.56%
Vining Sparks	0.27%	0.30%	0.30%	0.30%	0.45%
10-Year Treasury Rate					
Bloomberg Survey of Economists ¹	2.07%	2.20%	2.35%	2.50%	2.60%
Vining Sparks	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.50%	3.00%



² Bloomberg; All quarterly figures are quarter-end except for GDP which is annualized (Dec. 9 Survey).

² FOMC Central Tendency released November 9, 2011.

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